

## Agenda



**Review:** 2016 Financial Results from the *Northeast Dairy Farm Summary* 



**Panel Discussion**: Takeaways from the report, and the current economic situation for Northeast dairy.



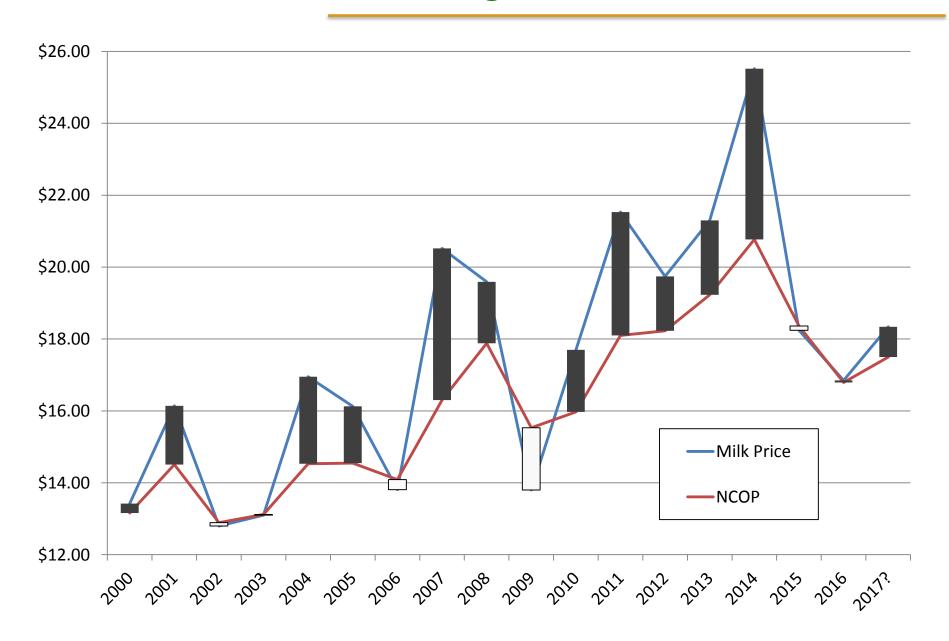
**Audience Questions** 



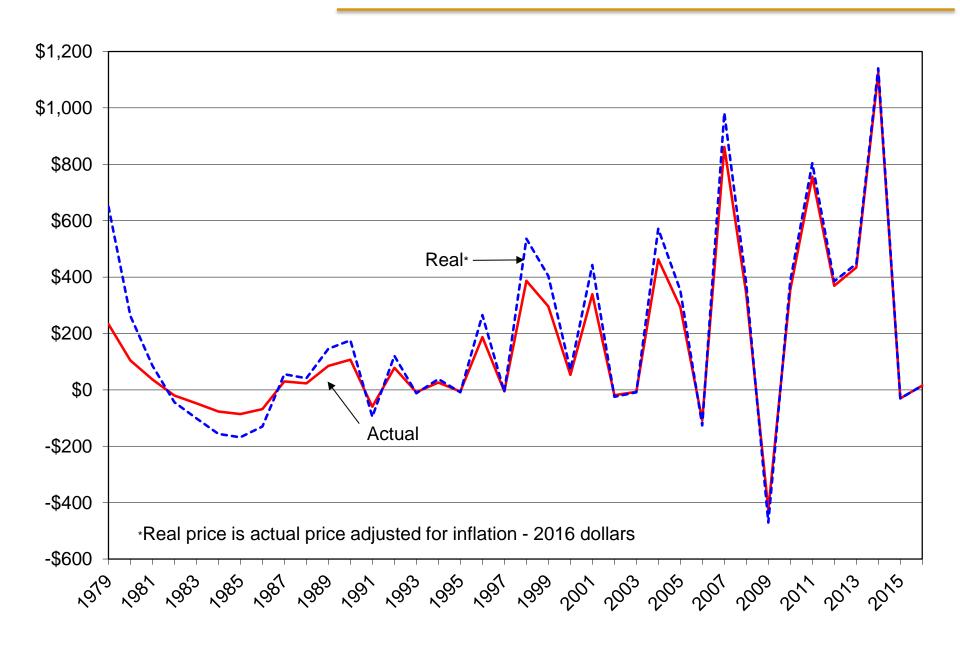
## **Key Points**

- 457 farms participated in the 2016 DFS
- 2016 Milk Price: \$16.85 (down \$1.39)
- 2016 Profitability: \$15/cow
- 2015 Profitability: \$-30/cow
- NCOP down to \$16.79, from \$18.36 in 2015 (down \$1.57/cwt)
- Productivity increased
- Cash flow insufficient to make all payments
- Debt-per-cow increased 14%

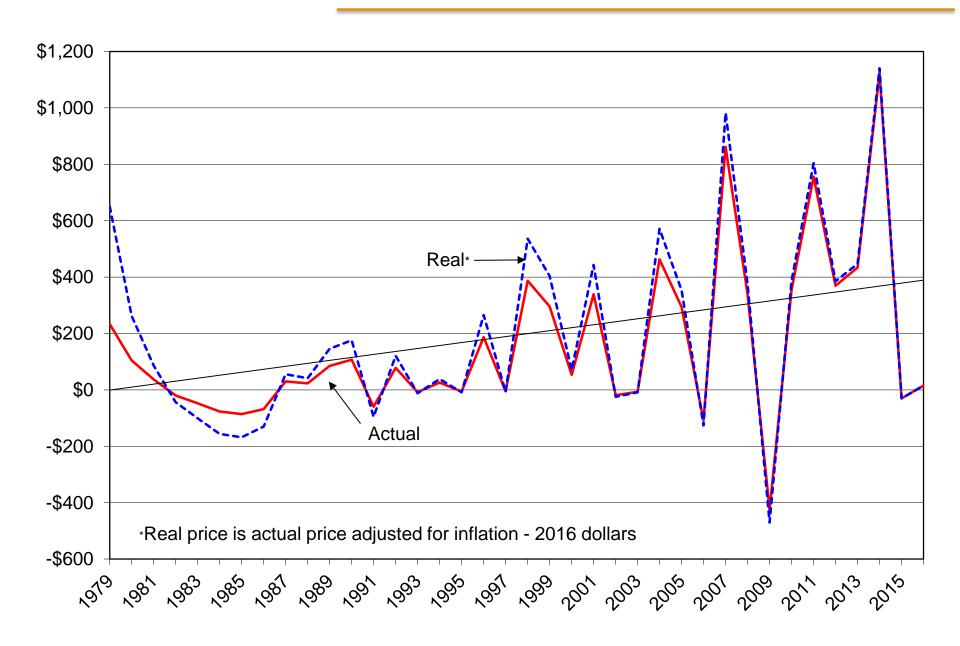
### Net Margin 2000-2017



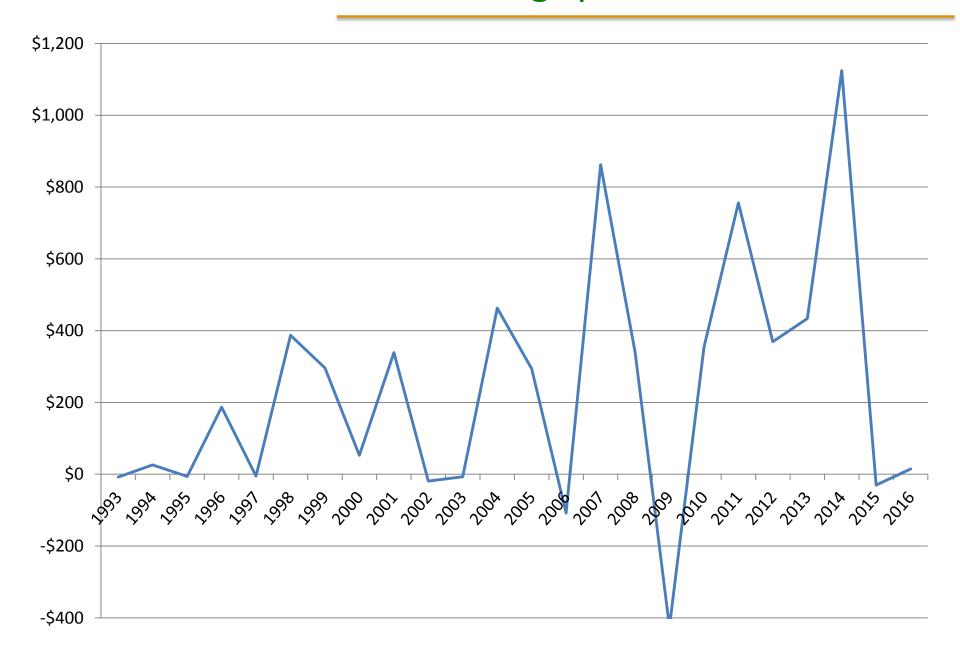
#### Net Earnings per Cow 1979-2016



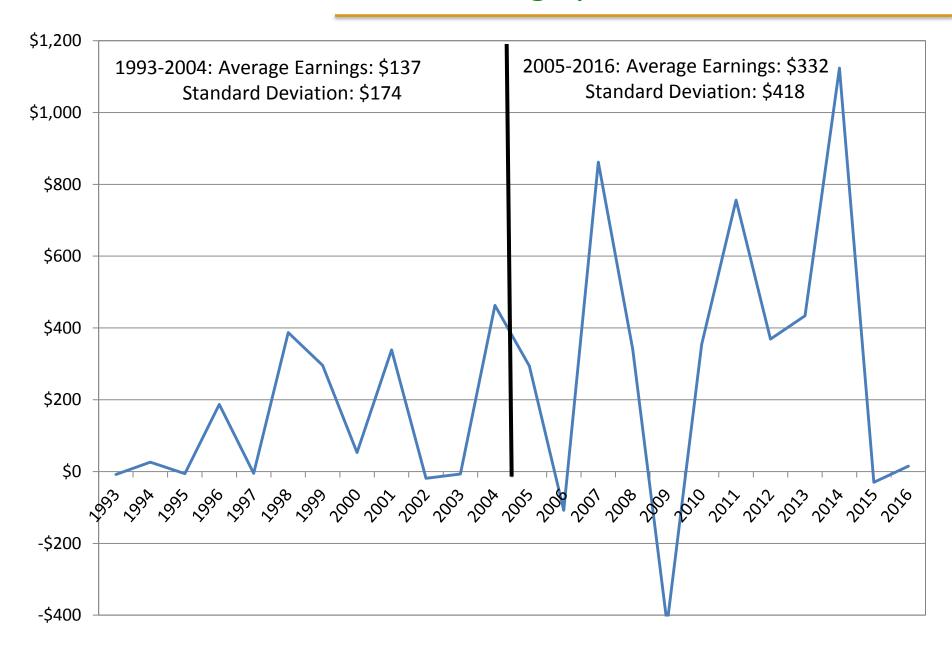
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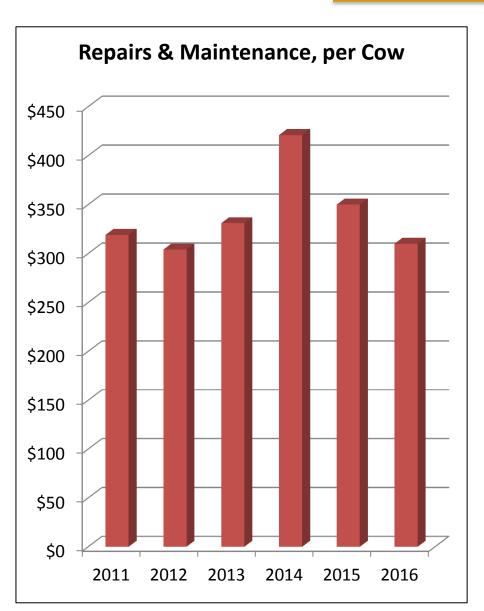
### Net Earnings per Cow 1993-2016

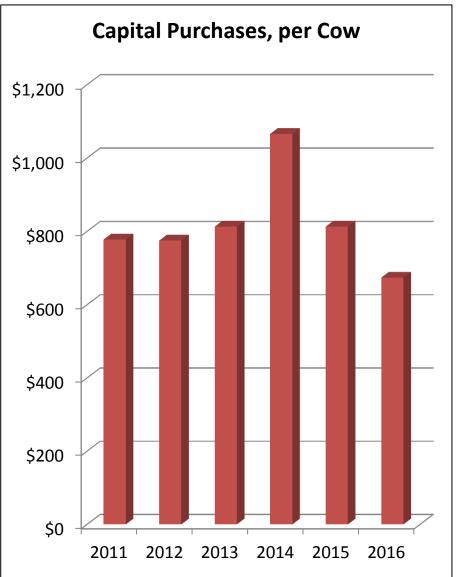


### Net Earnings per Cow 1993-2016

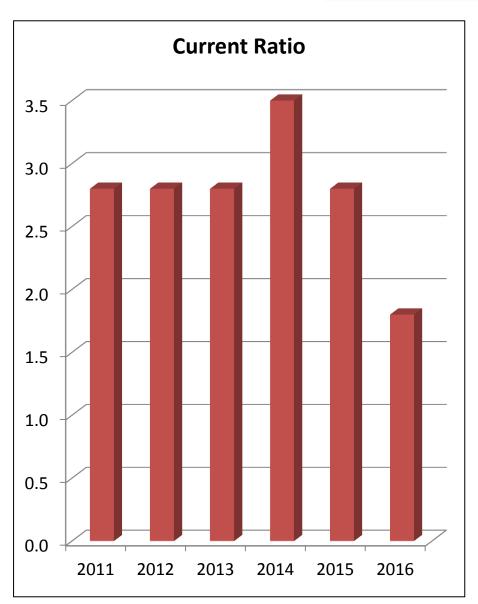


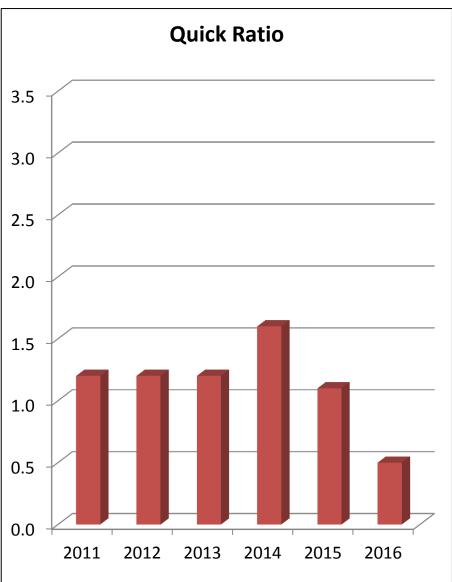
### Changes in Expenditures



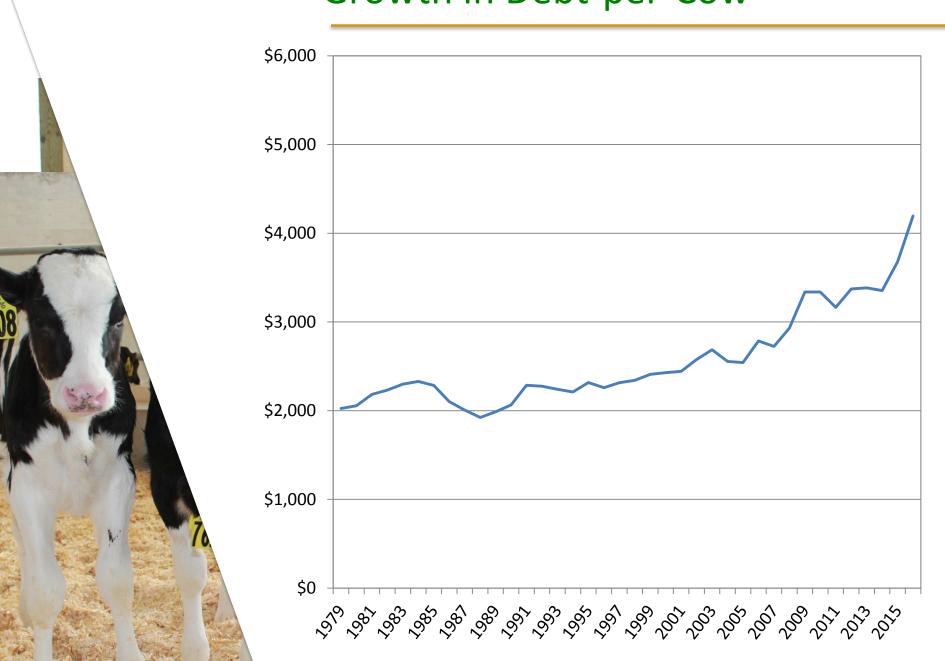


### Changes in Financial Position

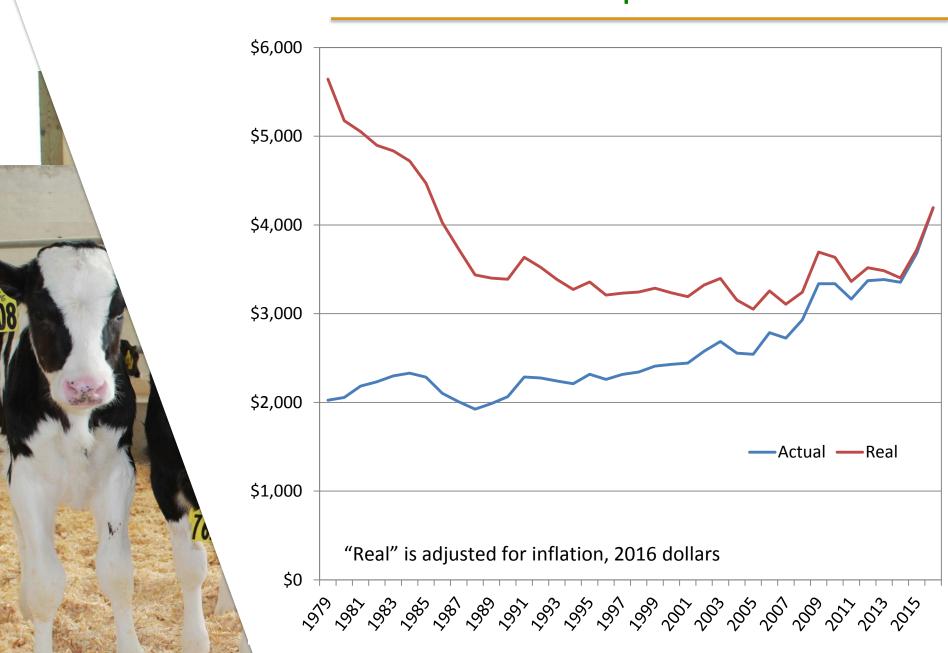




## Growth in Debt-per-Cow



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## **Selected Cost Categories**

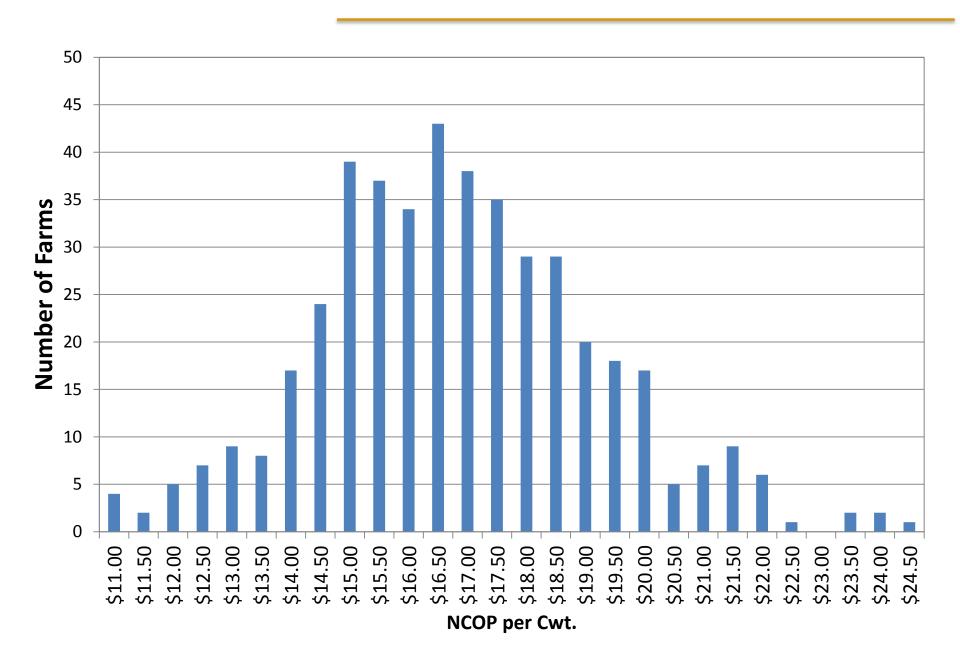
\$/Cwt.	2014	2015	2016	Change ('14-16)
Feed	\$7.99	\$7.12	\$6.24	-22%
Labor	3.34	3.27	3.20	-4%
Fuel	1.08	0.68	0.52	-52%
Supplies	1.25	1.18	1.09	-13%
Repairs	1.73	1.43	1.23	-29%
Crop Inputs	1.64	1.40	1.21	-26%
Other Expenses	6.27	5.91	5.73	-9%

### Investing in Efficiency

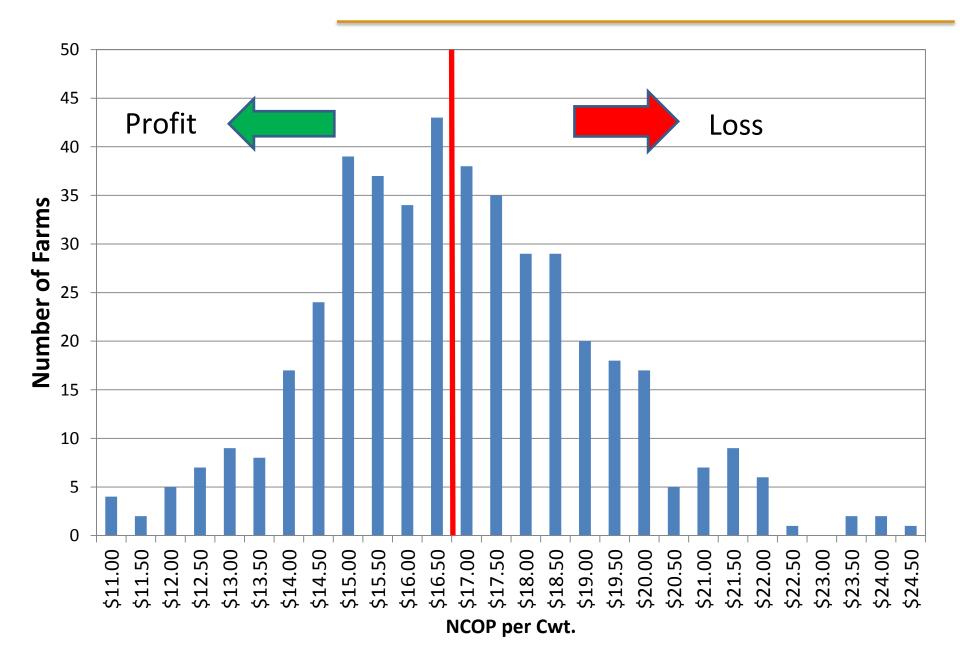
Many farms have been investing in labor efficiency, cow comfort, optimizing nutrition, improved genetics – all in the name of greater efficiency, and it's been paying off:

	2006	2016	% Change
Average Cows/Worker	44	48	9%
Pounds/Cow	21,782	25,239	16%
Pounds Milk/Worker	958,418	1,210,871	26%

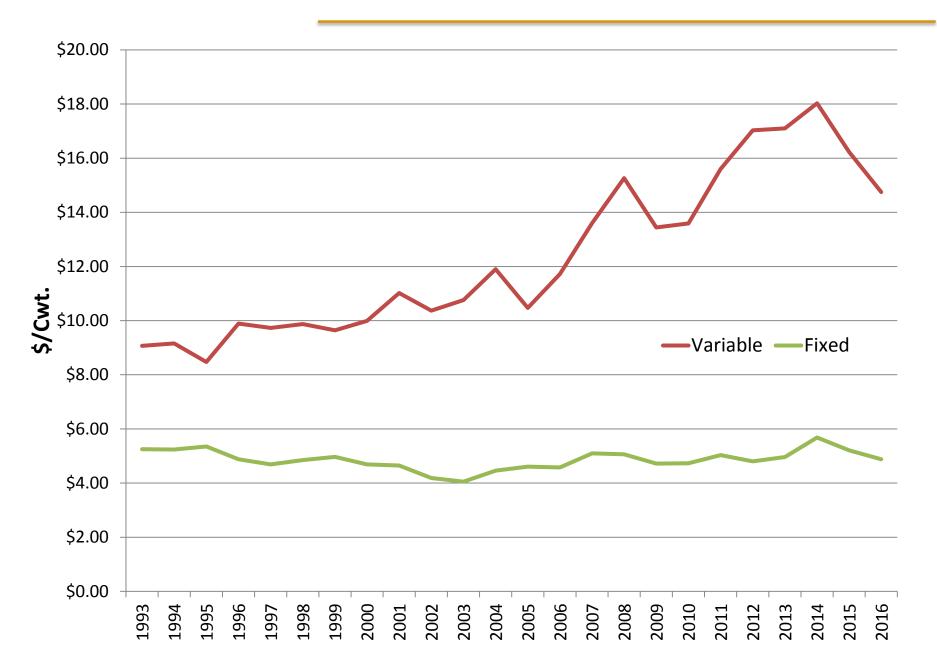
#### **Net Cost of Production Distribution**



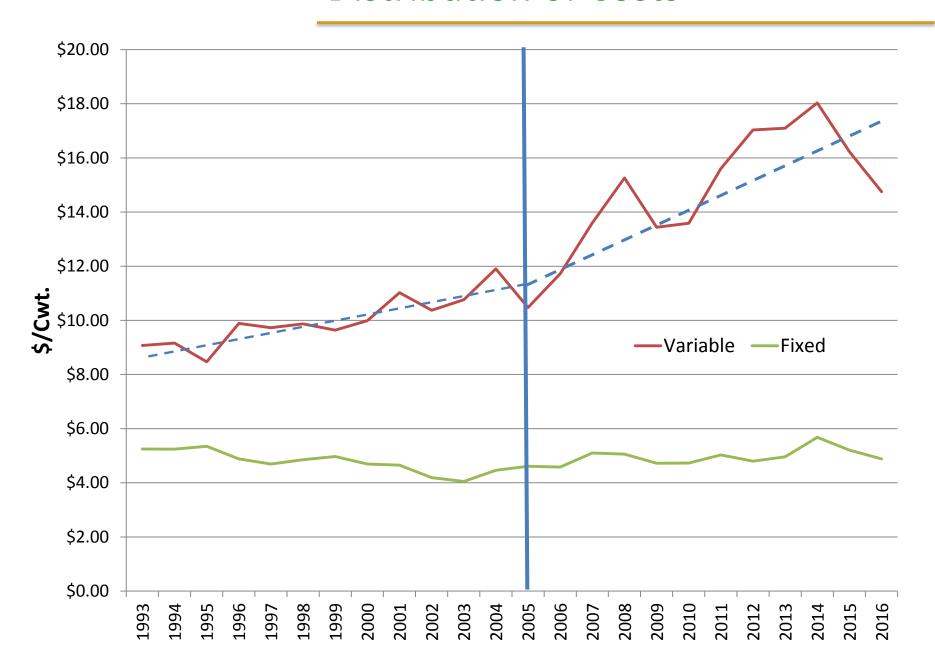
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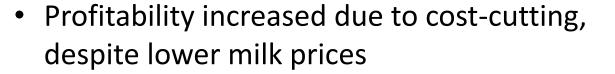
#### **Distribution of Costs**



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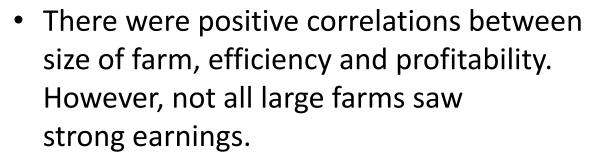




- NCOP fell for the second year in a row, to \$16.79; more than \$4 below 2014's NCOP
- A wide range of results: Some farms earned more than \$1,000 per cow, while others lost comparable amounts.





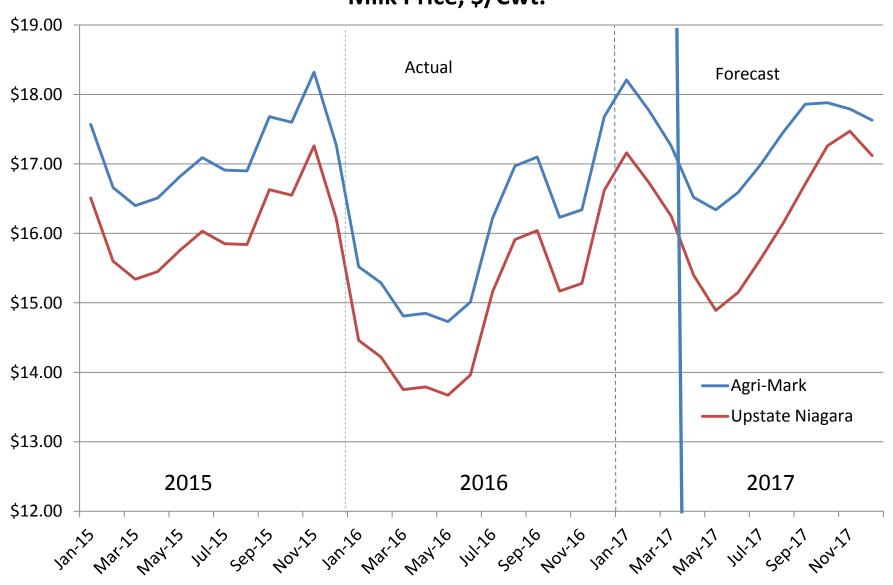


- Farms in N.Y. generally showed lower NCOP and stronger earnings than those in New England.
- Many farms borrowed additional funds or restructured debt to make up for cash shortfalls.

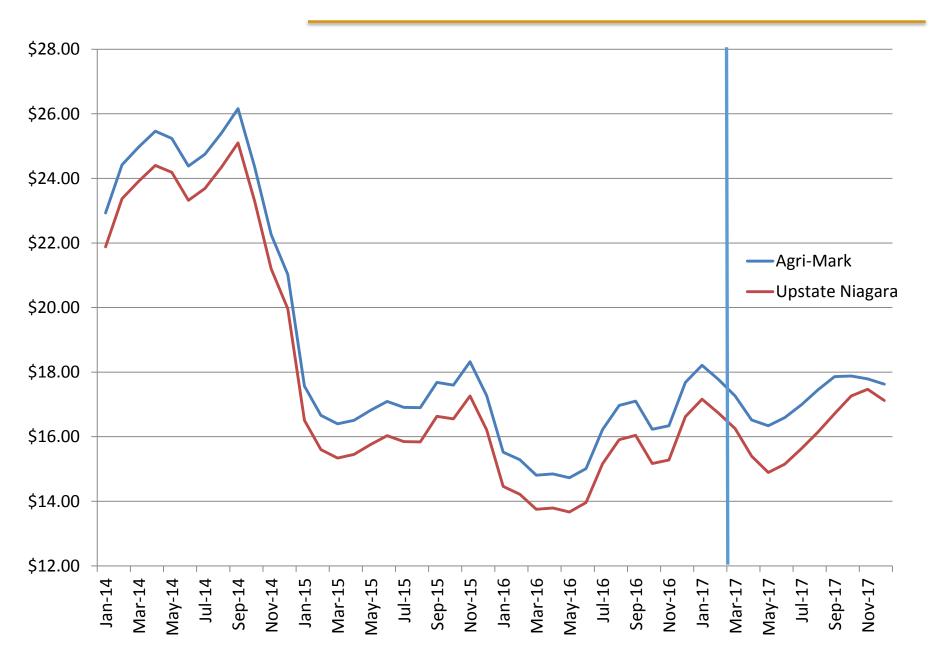


#### Near-term Outlook

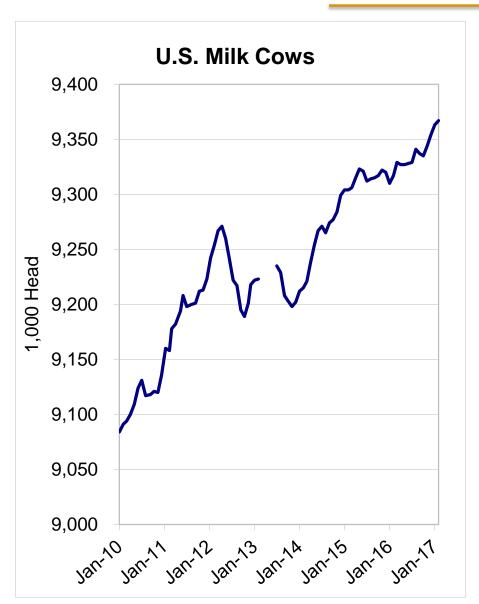


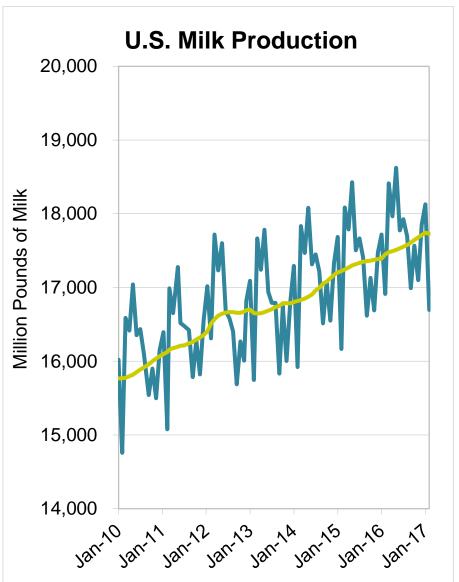


#### Near-term Outlook



#### U.S. Herd Size and Production







# Thank You!

Follow-up questions or comments? Chris.Laughton@FarmCreditEast.com

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